SPT-P851G-S5(D)

1.25Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 550m Reach

Features

- Data-rate of 1.25Gbps operation
- 850nm VCSEL laser and PIN photo detector
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with duplex LC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- 550m transmission with 50/125µm MMF
- 300m transmission with 62.5/125µm MMF
- Compatible with ROHS
- +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature:

  Standard: 0 to +70°C

  Extended: -20 to +85°C

  Industrial: -40 to +85°C

Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Fiber Channel
- Switch to Switch interface
- Switched backplane applications
- Router/Server interface
- Other optical transmission systems

Description

The SFP transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of 1.25Gbps and 550m transmission distance with MMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a VCSEL laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.

Module Block Diagram
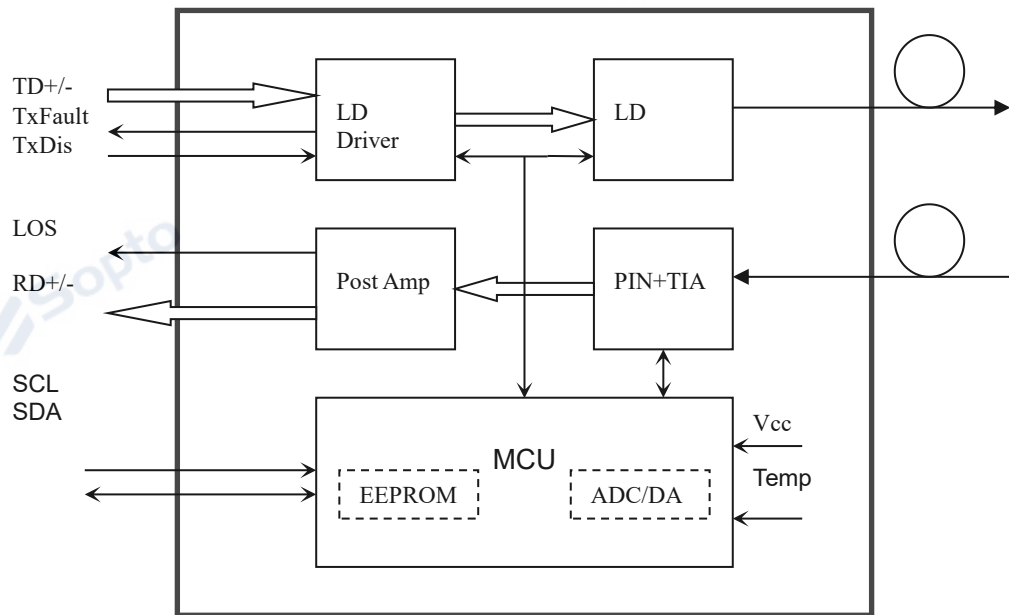
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Tc	0		+70	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		Icc			150	mA
Data Rate				1.25		Gbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

SPT-P851G-S5(D):   (VCSEL and PIN, 550m Reach)

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter							
Centre Wavelength		λc	830	850	860	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)		Δλ			0.85	nm	
Average Output Power		Pout	-9		-3	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio		ER	9			dB	
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)		tr/tf			0.26	ns	
Data Input Swing Differential		VIN	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance		ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
Receiver							
Centre Wavelength		λc	770		860	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity					-18	dBm	3
Receiver Overload			-1			dBm	3
LOS De-Assert		LOSD			-20	dBm	
LOS Assert		LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4
LOS	High		2.0		Vcc	V	
	Low				0.8	V	

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
3. Measured with a PRBS 2^7-1 test pattern @2125Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-12}$.
4. Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms

Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	VH	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External
	-40 to +85			
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External
TX Power	-9 to -3	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External
RX Power	-18 to -1	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).
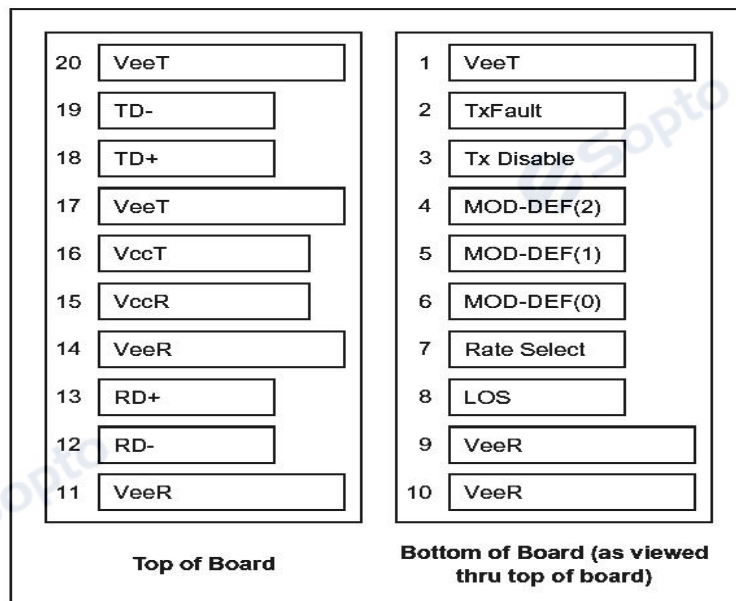
The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.

2 wire address 1010000X (A0h)

```
0
                    Serial ID Defined by
                    SFP MSA (96 bytes)
95
                    Vendor Specific
                    (32 bytes)
127
                    Reserved in SFP
                    MSA (128 bytes)
255
```

2 wire address 1010001X (A2h)

```
0
                    Alarm and Warning
55                  Thresholds (56 bytes)
                    Cal Constants
                    (40 bytes)
95
                    Real Time Diagnostic
                    Interface (24 bytes)
119
127                 Vendor Specific (8 bytes)
                    User Writable
                    EEPROM (120 bytes)
247
255                 Vendor Specific (8 bytes)
```
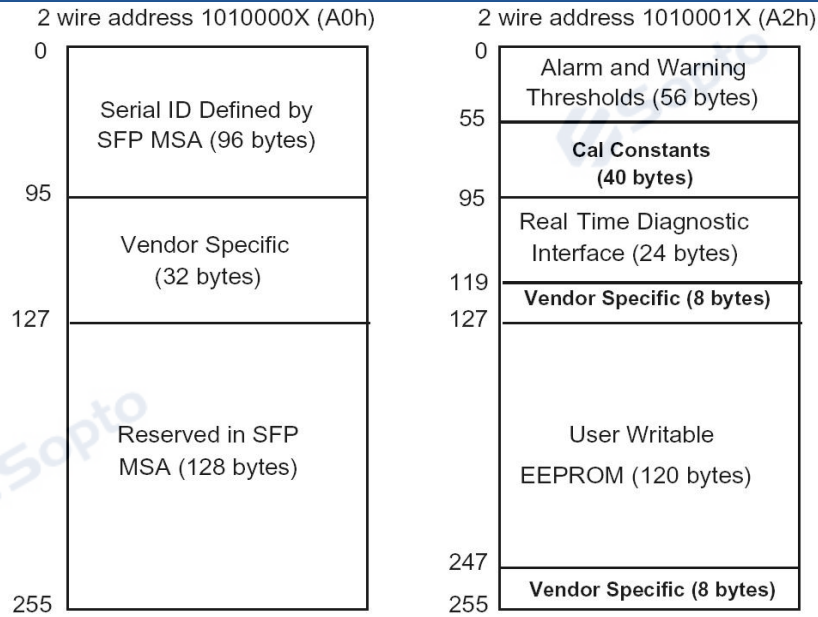
Pin Definitions

Pin Diagram


```
Top of Board                    Bottom of Board (as viewed
                                   thru top of board)

20  VeeT                         1   VeeT
19  TD-                          2   TxFault
18  TD+                          3   Tx Disable
17  VeeT                         4   MOD-DEF(2)
16  VccT                         5   MOD-DEF(1)
15  VccR                         6   MOD-DEF(0)
14  VeeR                         7   Rate Select
13  RD+                          8   LOS
12  RD-                          9   VeeR
11  VeeR                         10  VeeR
```

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3

7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
10	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
11	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	VEER	Receiver ground	1	
15	VCCR	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	VCCT	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	VEET	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V):   Transmitter on

(>0.8V, < 2.0V):   Undefined

High (2.0 to 3.465V):   Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.

5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
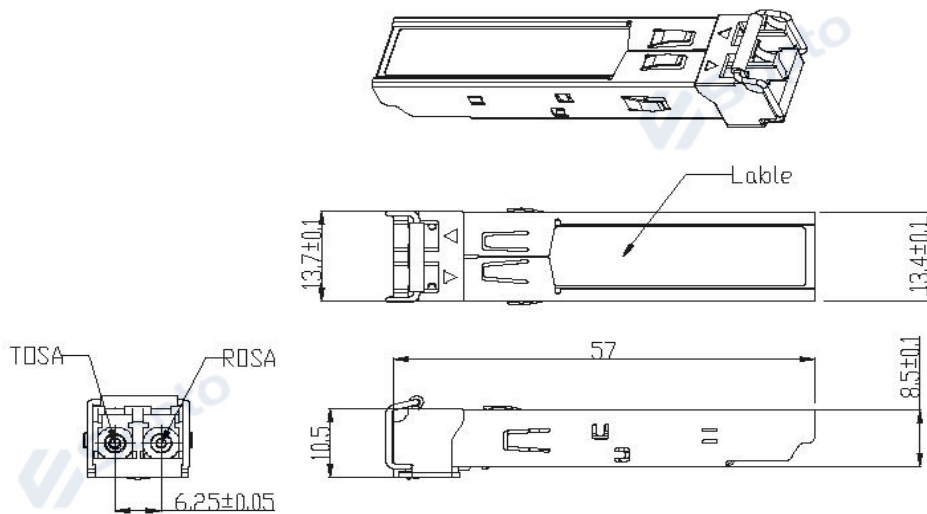
6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Recommended Interface Circuit
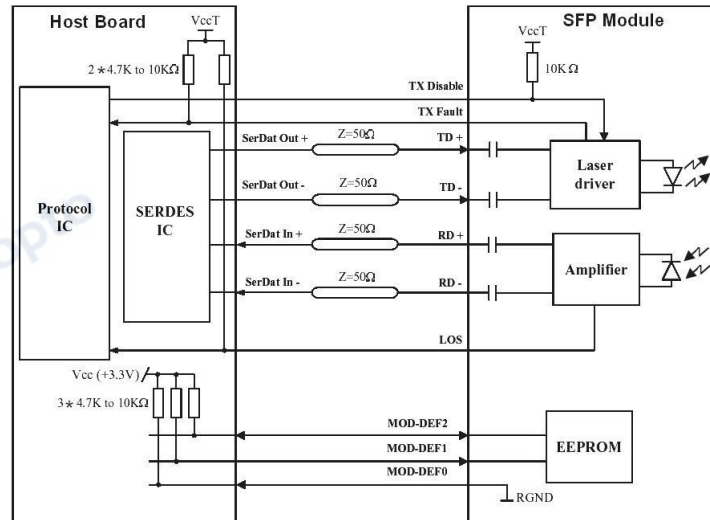
Mechanical Dimensions

Unit:mm

Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description
SPT-P851G-S5	850nm, 1.25Gbps, 550m, 0ºC ~ +70ºC
SPT-P851G-S5D	850nm, 1.25Gbps, 550m, 0ºC~ +70ºC, DDM
SPT-P851G-S5TD	850nm, 1.25Gbps, 550m, -40ºC~+85ºC, DDM

Note: If you need more customized services, please contact us.

E-mail: info@sopto.com.cn

Web :   http://www.sopto.com.cn